



IPMICFG

User's Guide

Revision 1.7

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1 IPMICFG Overview

IPMICFG is a command line tool utility, providing IPMI commands and Supermicro proprietary OEM commands to configure and monitor IPMI devices. It requires no pre-installation and is easy to use for basic IPMI configuration and BMC status reading and monitoring.

1.1 Features

- Setting up IPMI IP addresses
- Setting up IPMI configurations
- Configuring IPMI User Management
- Configuring IPMI FRU
- Managing the System Event Log (SEL)
- Managing IPMI with the node management (NM) protocol

1.2 Operation Requirements

To run basic operations, you must meet the following requirements.

1.2.1 System Requirements

Environment	Requirements
Hardware	<p>Free Disk Space: 200 MB</p> <p>Available RAM: 64 MB</p> <p>Baseboard Management Controller (BMC) must support Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) version 2.0 specifications.</p>
Operating System	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DOS 5.0 or later version• Microsoft Windows 7 / 8 / 8.1 / 10 /Server 2003 32bit and 64bit / Server 2008 32bit and 64bit / Server 2012 / Server 2016• Operating system must be pre-installed Microsoft Visual C++ 2008 SP1 Redistributable Package. <p>Download Link:</p> <p>http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=29</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Microsoft Windows 2008 R2 x64 must be pre-installed KB3033929 patch. <p>Download Link:</p> <p>https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=46083</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Microsoft Windows 7 x64 must be pre-installed KB3033929 patch. <p>Download Link:</p> <p>https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=46148</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Linux Kernel version 2.6.x or higher. Ex: Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 6.8 and 7.2 SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 11 SP4 and 12 SP1 Ubuntu Server 14.04 LTS and 16.04 LTS• UEFI Shell

1.2.2 Software Requirements

Program/Script	Description
\DOS\IPMICFG.exe	IPMICFG DOS (DOS 5.0)
\Linux\32bit\IPMICFG-Linux.x86	IPMICFG Linux 32bit
\Linux\64bit\IPMICFG-Linux.x86_64	IPMICFG Linux 64bit
\Windows\32bit\IPMICFG-Win.exe	IPMICFG Windows 32bit
\Windows\64bit\IPMICFG-Win.exe	IPMICFG Windows 64bit
\UEFI\IPMICFG.elf	IPMICFG UEFI
*.dat files	database for MB type and SEL event table

1.2.3 Installing Additional Drivers

Linux:

The Linux version of IPMICFG will automatically use the built-in Linux IPMI driver from ipmitool to access BMC. If no IPMI driver is available, IPMICFG will use its internal API to access BMC, however the performance will be slow.

To load an IPMI driver, type the following commands to access the IPMI driver:

1. # modprobe ipmi_msghandler
2. # modprobe ipmi_devintf
3. # modprobe ipmi_si

1.3 Typographical Conventions

This manual uses the following typographical conventions.

Courier-New font size 10 represents command line instructions (in CLI) in Linux terminal mode.

Bold is used for emphasizing keywords.

Italic is used for variables and section titles.

enclose the parameters in syntax description.

[shell]# represents the prompt for inputs in Linux terminal mode.

| A vertical bar separates items in a list.

2 Installation and Setup

2.1 Installing IPMICFG

Get the IPMICFG_x.xx.x_build.xxxxxx.zip installer, and then unzip it in your environment. You will see the directory list:

DOS:

Execute \DOS\IPMICFG.exe

Linux 32bit:

Execute /Linux/32bit/IPMICFG-Linux.x86

Linux 64bit:

Execute /Linux/64bit/IPMICFG-Linux.x86_64

Windows 32bit:

Execute \Windows\32bit\IPMICFG-Win.exe

Windows 64bit:

Execute \Windows\64bit\IPMICFG-Win.exe

UEFI Shell:

Execute \UEFI\IPMICFG.efi

3 Basic User Operations

Usage:

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG <option> [data...]
```

3.1 Setting Up IPMI Addresses

Options for Using IPMICFG	
-m	Shows IP and MAC.
-m IP	Sets IP (format: ###.###.###.##).
-a MAC	Sets MAC (format: ##:##:##:##:##:##).
-k	Shows Subnet Mask.
-k Mask	Sets Subnet Mask (format: ###.###.###.##).
-dhcp	Gets the DHCP status.
-dhcp on	Enables the DHCP.
-dhcp off	Disables the DHCP.
-g	Shows a Gateway IP.
-g IP	Sets a Gateway IP (format: ###.###.###.##).
-garp on	Enables the Gratuitous ARP.
-garp off	Disables the Gratuitous ARP.
-ipv6 mode	Shows the IPv6 mode.
-ipv6 mode <mode>	Sets the IPv6 mode.
-ipv6 autoconfig	Shows IPv6 auto configuration.
-ipv6 autoconfig on	Enables IPv6 auto configuration.
-ipv6 autoconfig off	Disables IPv6 auto configuration.
-ipv6 list	Lists IPv6 static addresses.
-ipv6 duid	Show IPv6 DUID.
-ipv6 dns [IPv6 addr]	Gets/Sets IPv6 DNS server.
-ipv6 add <id> <IPv6 addr> <prefix>	Adds IPv6 static address.
-ipv6 remove <id>	Removes IPv6 static address.
-ipv6 route	Displays IPv6 static route.
-ipv6 route on	Enables IPv6 static route.
-ipv6 route off	Disables IPv6 static route.
-ipv6 route list	Lists IPv6 static router info.
-ipv6 route <id> <prefix value> <prefix length> <IPv6 addr>	Sets IPv6 static router information.
-ipv6 route clear <id>	Clears IPv6 static router information.

3.1.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Showing IP and MAC.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -m
```

IP=192.168.12.34

MAC=00:25:90:AB:CD:EF

- **Example 2. Setting IP.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -m 192.168.56.78
```

IP=192.168.56.78

- **Example 3. Getting the DHCP status.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -dhcp
```

DHCP is currently disabled.

- **Example 4. Showing Subnet Mask.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -k
```

Subnet Mask=255.255.255.0

- **Example 5. Showing a Gateway IP.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -g
```

Gateway=192.168.12.254

-
- **Example 6: Enabling the Gratuitous ARP.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -garp on
```

```
Failed to enable Gratuitous ARP, Completion Code=80h
```



Note: Gratuitous ARP includes Gratuitous ARP requests and replies, updating ARP tables to map MAC addresses and IP addresses. Due to security concerns, it is not supported by default for most network devices. If you want to use this function, please make sure the Gratuitous ARP function is enabled on your network devices.

- **Example 7. Showing the IPv6 mode.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -ipv6 mode
```

```
Current IPv6 mode is [Stateless]
```

```
Supported IPv6 modes:
```

```
0: Stateless
```

```
1: Stateful
```

- **Example 8. Showing IPv6 auto configuration.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -ipv6 autoconfig
```

```
Auto Configuration is currently enabled.
```

- **Example 9. Listing IPv6 static addresses.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -ipv6 list
```

Maximum number of IPv6 static address: 5

ID	IPv6 Static Address		Prefix
--	-----		-----
0	FE80:0000:0000:0000:0225:90FF:FEFF:59E5		64
1	3333:2222:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000		32
2	Disabled		N/A
3	Disabled		N/A
4	FE80:0000:0000:0000:0225:90FF:FEFF:59E9		64

- **Example 10. Displaying IPv6 static router info.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -ipv6 route
```

Router 1:

```
Prefix to Route: 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000/255
```

```
Router Address: 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
```

Router 2:

```
Prefix to Route: 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000/255
```

```
Router Address: 0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000
```

3.2 IPMI Management Functions

Options	Descriptions
-r	Performs a BMC cold reset.
-fd	Resets IPMI to the factory default. *To detect if BMC reset is successfully performed on the IPMI device, use the option -d after -fd.
-fdl	Resets IPMI to the factory default. (Clean LAN). *To detect if BMC reset is successfully performed on the IPMI device, use the option -d after -fdl.
-fde	Resets IPMI to the factory default. (Clean FRU & LAN). *To detect if BMC reset is successfully performed on the IPMI device, use the option -d after -fde.
-ver	Gets firmware revision.
-vlan	Gets VLAN status.
-vlan on <VLANTag>	Enables the VLAN and sets the VLANTag. If VLANTag is not given, it uses the previously saved value.
-vlan off	Disables the VLAN.
-selftest	Checks and reports the basic health status of the BMC.
-raw	Sends a RAW IPMI request and prints a response. *Command format: NetFn LUN Cmd [Data1 ... DataN]
-fan	Gets the fan mode.
-fan <mode>	Sets the fan mode. *Mode parameters include 0 ("Standard"), 1 ("Full") and 2 ("Optimal").
-clrint	Clears Chassis Intrusion.
-reset <index>	Resets system and forces to boot from the selected device. *For the list of index options for a reboot device, please find it in the note below.
-soft <index>	Initiates a soft-shutdown for OS and forces system to boot from the selected device. *For the list of index options for a reboot device, please find it in the note below.
-summary	Displays FW and BIOS information.
-hostname [value]	Gets/Sets a host name.
-mel download <file>	Downloads a BMC maintenance event log to a file.
-mel clear	Clears a BMC maintenance event log.



Note: The list of index options for a reboot device.

Index Option	Reboot Device
1	PXE
2	Hard-drive
3	CD/DVD
4	Bios
5	USB KEY
6	USB HDD
7	USB Floppy
8	USB CD/DVD
9	UEFI Hard-drive
10	UEFI CD/DVD
11	UEFI USB KEY
12	UEFI USB HDD
13	UEFI USB CD/DVD
14	UEFI PXE

3.2.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Performing a BMC cold reset.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -r  
BMC cold reset successfully completed!
```

- **Example 2. Resetting IPMI to the factory default.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fd  
Reset to the factory default completed.
```

- **Example 3. Getting the firmware revision.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -ver  
Firmware Version: 01.87
```

- **Example 4. Getting the VLAN status.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -vlan  
VLAN is now disabled.
```

-
- **Example 5. Checking and reporting the basic health status of the BMC.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -selftest  
Selftest: Passed.
```

- **Example 6. Sending a RAW IPMI request and printing a response.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -raw 6 1  
20 01 03 19 02 BF 7C 2A 00 34 06
```

- **Example 7. Getting the fan mode.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fan  
Current Fan Speed Mode is [ Optimal Mode ]
```

Parameter for setting:

0:Standard
1:Full
2:Optimal

- **Example 8. Setting the fan mode.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fan 0  
Done.
```

- **Example 9. Clearing chassis intrusion.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -clrint  
Done.
```

- **Example 10. Resetting the system and forcing it to boot from the selected device.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -reset 0  
Done.
```

- **Example 11. Initiating a soft-shutdown for OS and forcing the system to boot from the selected device.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -soft 0  
Done.
```

- **Example 12. Displaying FW and BIOS information.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -summary  
Summary  
-----  
IP : 10.136.33.107  
MAC Address : 00:25:90:EE:58:E7  
Firmware Revision : 2.18  
Firmware Build Date : 09/17/2015  
BIOS Version : 1.0  
BIOS Build Date : 11/13/2013  
System MAC Address 1 : 00:25:90:E8:70:64  
System MAC Address 2 : 00:25:90:E8:70:65
```

- **Example 13. Setting a host name.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -hostname dnsserver  
Done.
```

- **Example 14. Downloading a BMC maintenance log to a file.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -mel download mel.txt  
Downloaded file successfully.
```



Note: The "-mel download" command is not supported when you see the "Prepare download file timeout" message.

3.3 Node Management (NM) 2.0 Functions

Options	Descriptions
-nm nmsdr	Displays NM SDR.
-nm seltime	Gets SEL time.
-nm deviceid	Gets the ID of an ME device.
-nm reset	Reboots ME.
-nm reset2default	Forces ME to reset to default settings.
-nm updatemode	Forces ME to enter the Update Mode.
-nm selftest	Gets self-test results.
-nm listimagesinfo	Lists ME information of images.
-nm oemgetpower	OEM Power command for ME.
-nm oemgettemp	OEM Temp. command for ME.
-nm pstate	Gets the maximum allowed CPU P-State.
-nm tstate	Gets maximum allowed CPU T-State.
-nm cpumemtemp	Gets CPU/memory temperature.
-nm hostcpudata	Gets the host CPU data.

3.3.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Displaying NM SDR.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm nmsdr
Record ID          = A7 08
SDR Version       = 51h
Record Type        = C0h
Record Length      = 0Bh
OEM ID             = 57 01 00 h
Record Subtype     = 0Dh
Subtype Version    = 01h
Slave Address      = 2Ch
Channel            = 00h
Health Event Sensor Number = 1Dh
Exception Event Sensor Number = 1Eh
Operational Capabilities Sensor Number = 1Fh
Alert Threshold Exceeded Sensor Number = 20h
```

- **Example 2. Getting the ID of an ME device.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm deviceid  
Device ID          = 50h  
Firmware Version   = 2.1.5.95  
IPMI Version       = 2.0  
Manufacturer ID    = 57 01 00  
Product ID Minor Ver = Romley platform  
Firmware implemented version = NM Revision 2.0  
Image Flag = operational image 1  
raw  = 50 01 02 15 02 21 57 01 00 02 0b 02 09 50 01
```

- **Example 3. Listing information of ME images.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm listimagesinfo  
Recovery Image:  
Image Type = Recovery image  
raw  = 57 01 00 02 01 02 09 55 00
```

- **Example 4. Getting self-test results.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm selftest  
PSU Monitoring service error. < 80 03 >  
PSU[1] is not responding.  
PSU[2] is not responding.
```

- **Example 5. Getting CPU and memory temperature.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm cpumemtemp  
CPU#0 = 43 (c)  
CPU#1 = 44 (c)  
[CPU#0]CHANNEL#1, DIMM#0(P1_DIMMB1) = 39(c)  
[CPU#1]CHANNEL#3, DIMM#0(P2_DIMMH1) = 31(c)
```

- **Example 6. Getting the host CPU data.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nm hostcpudata  
Host CPU data:  
End of POST notification was received  
Host CPU discovery data provided with that command is valid  
Number of P-States = 10  
Number of T-States = 15  
Number of installed CPUs/socket = 2  
Processor Discovery Data-1 = 19 19 18 18 17 17 17 17 17  
Processor Discovery Data-2 = 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

3.4 IPMI User & Configuration Management Functions

Options	Descriptions
-pminfo [full]	Displays PMBus health information of power supply.
-psfruinfo	Displays FRU health information of power supply.
-psbbpinfo	Displays status of the backup battery.
-autodischarge <module> <day>	Sets auto discharge by days.
-discharge <module>	Manually discharges a battery.
-user list	Lists user privileges.
-user help	Shows a user privilege code.
-user add <user id> <user name> <password> <privilege>	Adds a user. * For the list of privilege levels, please find it in the note below.
-user del <user id>	Deletes users.
-user level <user id> <privilege>	Updates user privileges.
-user setpwd <user id> <password>	Updates a user password.
-conf upload <file> <option>	Uploads IPMI configuration from a binary file. *To bypass a warning message, use the option -p.
-conf download <file>	Downloads IPMI configuration to a binary file.
-conf tupload <file> <option>	Uploads IPMI configuration from a text file. *To bypass a warning message, use the option -p.
-conf tdownload <file>	Downloads IPMI configuration to a text file.



Note: The list of privilege levels

Level	Privilege
1	Callback
2	User
3	Operator
4	Administrator

3.4.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Displaying PMBus health information of the power supply.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -pminfo  
[SlaveAddress = 78h] [Module 1]  


| Item                  |  | Value             |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|
| -----                 |  | -----             |
| Status                |  | [STATUS OK] (00h) |
| AC Input Voltage      |  | 121.5 V           |
| AC Input Current      |  | 0.56 A            |
| DC 12V Output Voltage |  | 12.19 V           |
| DC 12V Output Current |  | 3.18 A            |
| Temperature 1         |  | 43C/109F          |
| Temperature 2         |  | 41C/106F          |
| Fan 1                 |  | 224 RPM           |
| Fan 2                 |  | 0 RPM             |
| DC 12V Output Power   |  | 42 W              |
| AC Input Power        |  | 65 W              |
| PMBus Revision        |  | 0x8B22            |
| PWS Serial Number     |  | P441PAC17GW2358   |
| PWS Module Number     |  | PWS-441P-1H       |
| PWS Revision          |  | REV1.0            |


```

- **Example 2. Displaying FRU health information of the power supply.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -psfruinfo  
[SlaveAddress = 70h] [Module 1]  
Item | Value  
---- | ----  
Status | On  
Temperature | 41C/106F  
Fan 1 | 229 RPM  
Fan 2 | 0 RPM
```

- **Example 3. Displays status of the backup battery.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -psbbpinfo  
[SlaveAddress = 70h] [Module 1]  
Item | Value  
---- | ----  
Manufacturer | SUPERMICRO  
Model Name | PWS-206B-1R  
Serial Number | TEST1234567890A  
Product Version | 1.2  
Firmware version | 1.0  
----  
Battery Voltage | 16.27 V  
Battery Current | 0 mA  
Battery Pack Temp | 30C/86F  
Board Temp | N/A  
Power Wattage | 200W  
Cycle Count | 6  
----  
Battery Power Status | Normal  
Remaining Energy | 99%  
Discharge Status | None  
Discharge Setting | Auto (30 days)  
Discharge Remaining Days | 30 days  
Battery Status | 0xC0E0  
| [FULLY CHARGED]  
| [DISCHARGING]  
| [TERMINATE CHARGE]
```

- **Example 4. Listing user privileges.**

(In this example, two users are enabled by default, and one user is hidden in the command line.)

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -user list  
Maximum number of Users: 10  
Count of currently enabled Users: 2  
User ID | User Name      | Privilege Level | Enable  
----- | ----- | ----- | -----  
    2  | ADMIN          | Administrator   | Yes
```

- **Example 5. Adding a user.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -user add 3 ADMINTEST TESTADMIN 4  
Done.
```

- **Example 6. Downloading IPMI configuration to a binary file.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -conf download ipmi.cfg.txt  
Downloaded file successfully
```

- **Example 7. Uploads IPMI configuration from a binary file.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -conf upload ipmi.cfg.txt  
This function may reboot the IPMI device.  
Do you want to proceed? [y/n]: y  
Uploaded file successfully  
Please wait for 1 minute to reboot the BMC.
```



Note: The "-conf (t)download" command is not supported when you see the "Prepare download file timeout" message.

The "-conf (t)upload" command is not supported when you see the "Upload file failed, Completion Code=xxh" message.

3.5 IPMI Sensor & System Event Management

Options	Descriptions
-sel info	Shows SEL info.
-sel list	Shows SEL records.
-sel del	Deletes all SEL records.
-sel raw	Shows SEL raw data.
-sdr [full]	Shows SDR records and readings.
-sdr del <SDR ID>	Deletes the SDR record.
-sdr ver <V1> <V2>	Gets/Sets the SDR version. (V1 V2 are BCD format)

3.5.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Showing SEL records.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -sel list
1 | 2012/11/11 15:16:12 | Chassis Intru
| Assertion:General Chassis intrusion
```

- **Example 2. Showing SEL raw data.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -sel raw
SEL( 1) 01 00 02 48 00 00 00 20 00 04 05 51 6F F0 FF FF
```

- **Example 3. Showing SDR records and readings.**

[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -sdr

Status	(#) Sensor	Reading	Low Limit	High Limit
OK	(4) CPU1 Temp	44C/111F	0C/32F	86C/187F
OK	(71) CPU2 Temp	44C/111F	0C/32F	86C/187F
OK	(138) System Temp	31C/88F	-5C/23F	80C/176F
OK	(205) Peripheral Temp	44C/111F	-5C/23F	80C/176F
OK	(272) PCH Temp	57C/135F	-5C/23F	90C/194F
OK	(339) FAN1	1800 RPM	600 RPM	18975 RPM
OK	(406) FAN2	1800 RPM	600 RPM	18975 RPM
	(473) FAN3	N/A	N/A	N/A
	(540) FAN4	N/A	N/A	N/A
	(607) FAN5	N/A	N/A	N/A
	(674) FAN6	N/A	N/A	N/A
	(741) FAN7	N/A	N/A	N/A
	(808) FAN8	N/A	N/A	N/A
OK	(875) VTT	1.05 V	0.91 V	1.34 V
OK	(942) CPU1 Vcore	0.89 V	0.54 V	1.48 V
OK	(1009) CPU2 Vcore	0.76 V	0.54 V	1.48 V
OK	(1076) VDIMM ABCD	1.48 V	1.20 V	1.64 V
OK	(1143) VDIMM EFGH	1.50 V	1.20 V	1.64 V
OK	(1210) +1.5 V	1.47 V	1.34 V	1.64 V
OK	(1277) 3.3V	3.31 V	2.92 V	3.64 V
OK	(1344) +3.3VSB	3.31 V	2.92 V	3.64 V
OK	(1411) 5V	5.05 V	4.48 V	5.50 V
OK	(1478) 12V	12.29 V	10.81 V	13.25 V
OK	(1545) VBAT	3.26 V	2.68 V	3.31 V
OK	(1612) HDD Status	0.00	2.68 V	3.31 V
Fail	(1679) Chassis Intru	01 C0 01 00	N/A	N/A
OK	(1746) PS1 Status	01 C0 01 00	N/A	N/A

3.6 FRU Management

Options	Descriptions
-fru info	Shows information of the FRU inventory area.
-fru list	Shows all FRU values.
-fru cthelp	Shows chassis type code.
-fru help	Shows help of FRU Write.
-fru <Field>	Shows FRU field value.
-fru <Field> <Value>	Writes FRU.
-fru backup <file>	Backs up FRU to file <Binary format>.
-fru restore <file>	Restores FRU from file <Binary format>.
-fru tbackup <file>	Backs up FRU to a file <Text format>.
-fru trestore <file>	Restores FRU from a file <Text format>.
-fru ver <V1> <V2>	Gets/Sets FRU version. (V1 V2 are BCD format)
-fru dmi <\$1> <\$2> <\$3> <\$4> <\$5> <\$6> <\$7> <\$8> <\$9> <\$10> <\$11> <\$12> <\$13> <\$14>	Inputs 14 parameters and writes to FRU Chassis/Board/Product fields. \$1 PRODUCT Manufacturer Name \$2 PRODUCT Product Name \$3 PRODUCT Part Number \$4 PRODUCT Product Version \$5 PRODUCT Serial Number \$6 PRODUCT Asset Tag \$7 BOARD mfg/DateTime \$8 BOARD Board Manufacturer \$9 BOARD Product Name \$10 BOARD Part Number \$11 BOARD Serial Number \$12 CHASSIS Type (HEX value, ex:01,02,03 ...) \$13 CHASSIS Part Number \$14 CHASSIS Serial Number

3.6.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Showing information of the FRU inventory area.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fru info  
FRU size: 1024 bytes
```

- **Example 2. Showing help of FRU Write.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fru help
```

Available Fields for FRU

Chassis Info Fields:

CT ;Chassis Type
CP ;Chassis Part Number
CS ;Chassis Serial Number

Board Info Fields:

BDT ;Board Mfg. Date/Time (YYYYMMDDhhmm)
BM ;Board Manufacturer
BPN ;Board Product Name
BS ;Board Serial Name
BP ;Board Part Number

Product Info Fields:

PM ;Product Manufacturer
PN ;Product Name
PPM ;Product Part/Model Number
PV ;Product Version
PS ;Product Serial Number
PAT ;Asset Tag

Example:

```
ipmicfg -fru PS          ;read product serial number  
ipmicfg -fru PS 123456789 ;write product serial number
```

- **Example 3. Writing FRU.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fru BDT 201211121631
Chassis Type (CT) = Unknown(02h)
Chassis Part Number (CP) =
Chassis Serial Number (CS) = 0123456789
Board Mfg. Date/Time(BDT) = 2012/11/12 16:31:00 (DF 5D 87)
Board Manufacturer (BM) = Supermicro
Board Product Name (BPN) = X9DRD-iF
Board Serial Number (BS) = 0123456789
Board Part Number (BP) =
Product Manufacturer (PM) = Supermicro
Product Name (PN) = X9DRD-iF
Product Part/Model Number (PPM) =
Product Version (PV) =
Product Serial Number (PS) = 0123456789
Product Asset Tag (PAT) =
```

- **Example 4. Backing up FRU to a file.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fru backup fru.txt
Backed up FRU successfully.
```

- **Example 5. Setting the FRU version.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -fru ver 1 1
Done.
FRU version is 01.01
```

3.7 Multi Node Management

Options	Descriptions
-tp info	Gets MCU infomation.
-tp info <type>	Gets information of MCU typeinfo. *Type parameters are 1, 2 and 3.
-tp nodeid	Gets a node ID.

3.7.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1: Getting MCU information.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tp info
```

Node	Power	IP	Watts	Current	CPU1	CPU2	System
A	Active	10.136.33.31	35W	3.4A	42C	N/A	31C
B	Active	10.136.33.32	27W	2.2A	43C	N/A	31C
C	Active	10.136.33.33	46W	3.8A	45C	N/A	29C
D	Active	10.136.33.34	24W	2.0A	39C	N/A	30C

Node	Node P/N	Node S/N
A	X9DRT-P	ZM141S022841
B	X9DRT-P	ZM141S023245
C	X9DRT-P	ZM141S022861
D	X9DRT-P	ZM141S022860


```
Configuration ID      : 4
Current Node ID     : B
System Name          : Test
System P/N           : (Empty)
System S/N           : (Empty)
Chassis P/N          : (Empty)
Chassis S/N          : (Empty)
BackPlane P/N        : (Empty)
BackPlane S/N        : (Empty)
Chassis Location     : 00 00 00 00 00
BP Location          : N/A (FBh)
```

```
MCU Version      : 1.06
BPN Revision     : 1.23
```

- **Example 2. Getting information of MCU type.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tp info 1
```

Node	Power	IP	Watts	Current	CPU1	CPU2	System
A	Active	10.136.33.31	35W	3.4A	42C	N/A	31C
B	Active	10.136.33.32	27W	2.2A	43C	N/A	31C
C	Active	10.136.33.33	46W	3.8A	45C	N/A	29C
D	Active	10.136.33.34	24W	2.0A	39C	N/A	30C

- **Example 3. Getting a node ID.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tp nodeid
```

B

3.8 TAS Management

Options	Descriptions
-tas info	Gets TAS information.
-tas pause	Pauses a TAS service.
-tas resume	Resumes a TAS service.
-tas refresh	Triggers TAS to recollect data.
-tas clear	Clears collected TAS data in BMC.
-tas period <sec>	Sets the time length of a TAS update <limit 5 to 60 sec>.
-tas exec <cmd>	Executes a user's specified command.

3.8.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Getting TAS information.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tas info
```

Item	Value
Version	1.1.1
Build Data	150923
Protocol Version	0x01
Status	Running
TAS Start Time	Mon Nov 23 13:39:35 2015
Last Update Time	Thu Dec 10 17:21:00 2015

- **Example 2. Pausing a TAS service.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tas pause
```

Done.

- **Example 3. Resuming a TAS service.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -tas resume
```

Done.

3.9 NVME Management

Options	Descriptions	Requirement of TAS running on management systems
-nvme list	Displays the existing NVME SSD list.	Yes
-nvme info	Displays NVME SSD information.	No
-nvme rescan	Rescans all devices by in-band.	Yes
-nvme insert <aoc> <group> <slot>	Inserts SSD by out-of-band.	No
-nvme locate <HDD Name>	Locates SSD. (in-band)	Yes
-nvme locate <aoc> <group> <slot>	Locates SSD. (out-of-band)	No
-nvme stoplocate <HDD Name>	Stops Locate SSD. (in-band)	Yes
-nvme stoplocate <aoc> <group> <slot>	Stops Locate SSD. (out-of-band)	No
-nvme remove <HDD Name> [option1] [option2]	Removes NVME device. (in-band) *To disconnect an NVME device on the OS and then eject from BMC, use 0 for [option1]. (By default.) *To disconnect an NVME device on the OS but not eject from BMC afterwards, use 1 for [option1]. *To bypass a warning message, use -p for [option2].	Yes
-nvme remove <aoc> <group> <slot> [option]	Removes NVME device. (out-of-band) *To bypass a warning message, use the option -p.	No
-nvme smartdata [HDD Name]	NVME SMART data.	Yes

3.9.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Inserting a SSD by out-of-band access.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nvme insert 0 0 0
```

Done

- **Example 2. Removing an NVME device.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nvme remove nvme0 -p
```

Sending in band remove command...

Done.

Waiting for 10 secs to remove device...

Sending OOB eject command...

Done.

- **Example 3. Displaying the existing NVME SSD list.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nvme list
```

Name	Vendor	Capacity	IB Temp.	Locate	Slot
---	-----	-----	-----	-----	----
Nvme0	INTEL SSDPE2ME400G4	372.6 GB	25 C	No	0

- **Example 4. Displaying NVME SSD information.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -nvme info
```

[AOC Number: 0] [Firmware Info: 00 00]

Item	Value
---	-----
Slot	0
Located	NO
OOB Temp.	36 C
Class Code	02 08 01
ID	80 86
Serial Number	CVMD44500004400FGN
Model Number	INTEL SSDPE2ME400G4
Port0 Max Link Speed	8.0 GT/s
Port0 Max Link Width	x4
Port1 Max Link Speed	8.0 GT/s
Port1 Max Link Width	x4
Init Power Requirement	25 Watts

Max Power Requirement | 25 Watts

3.10 DCMI Management

Options	Descriptions
-dcmi cap	Lists info of DCMI capabilities.
-dcmi power	Gets the DCMI power readings.
-dcmi ctl [value]	Gets/Sets the DCMI management controller ID string.

3.10.1 Examples of Command Executions

The following are selected options from the above table to illustrate their execution.

- **Example 1. Listing info of DCMI capabilities.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -dcmi cap
Mandatory Platform Capabilities
-----
Temperature Monitor | Compliant
Chassis Power | Compliant
SEL Logging | Compliant
Identification Support | Compliant

Optional Platform Capabilities
-----
Power Management | Compliant

Manageability Access Capabilities
-----
VLAN Capable | Available
SOL Supported | Available
OOB Primary LAN Channel Available | Available
OOB Secondary LAN Channel Available | Not Present
OOB Serial TMODE Available | Not Present
In-Band KCS Channel Available | Available

SEL Attributes
-----
SEL Automatic Rollover Enabled | Not Present
Number Of SEL Entries | 0

Identification Attributes
```

Asset Tag Support	Available
DHCP Host Name Support	Not Present
GUID Support	Available

Temperature Monitoring

Baseboard temperature	At least 1
Processors temperature	At least 1
Inlet temperature	At least 1

Power Management Device Slave Address

7-bit I2C Slave Address Of Device On IPMB	10h
---	-----

Power Management Controller Channel Number

Channel Number	00h
Device Revision	01h

Manageability Access Attributes

Mandatory Primary LAN OOB Support (RMCP+ Support Only)	Supported
Optional Secondary LAN OOB Support (RMCP+ Support Only)	Not Supported
Optional Serial OOB TMODE Capability	Not Supported

- **Example 2. Getting the DCMI power readings.**

[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -dcmi power	
Instantaneous Power Reading	14 Watts
Minimum During Sampling Period	6 Watts
Maximum During Sampling Period	86 Watts
Average Power Reading Over Sample Period	15 Watts
IPMI Timestamp	2017/02/24 14:00:22
Sampling Period	172705000 Milliseconds
Power Reading State	Activated

-
- **Example 3. Getting or setting the DCMI management controller ID string.**

```
[ipmicfg_HOME] > IPMICFG.exe -dcmi ctl
```

```
(Empty)
```

4 Third Party Software

4.1 IPMI Tool

Please refer to <http://sourceforge.net/projects/ipmitool> for more information.

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